AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard for determining base proportions of degenerated bases in DNA, wherein a degenerated base represents at least two different bases in at least two DNA molecules at the same position, wherein said standard is produced by a process comprising the steps of:
 - providing at least two DNA molecules or DNA pools being not identical and containing at least two bases of the degenerated base at different positions within at least one DNA molecule; and
 - mixing the DNA molecules or DNA pools in unequal ratios, thereby obtaining the calibration standard.
- 2. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 1, wherein the at least two DNA molecules or pools thereof are provided by chemically synthesizing different oligonucleotides in separated synthesis.
- 3. (Currently Amended) <u>Method for production of a C</u>calibration standard according to claim 2, wherein the oligonucleotides are amplified and cloned.
- 4. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 1, wherein the at least two DNA molecules are provided by supplying inhomogeneous DNA and cloning it, determining the base composition differences of at least two DNA molecules or pools thereof and selecting the at least two DNA molecules or pools thereof.

- 5. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 4, wherein the inhomogeneous DNA is supplied by providing genomic DNA containing single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).
- 6. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Calibration standard according to claim 4, wherein the inhomogeneous DNA is supplied by chemically synthesizing an oligonucleotide containing degenerated bases.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 4, wherein the inhomogeneous DNA is provided by chemically treating DNA containing unmethylated cytosine bases in such a way that the unmethylated cytosine bases are converted to uracil, whereby said conversion is incompletely performed and statistically evenly distributed, and optionally, the obtained modified DNA is amplified.
- 8. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 7, wherein the chemical treatment is conducted with a bisulfite (= chosen from one or both of disulfite, and hydrogen sulfite).
- 9. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claims 4 to 8, wherein the inhomogeneous DNA is amplified.
- 10. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Calibration standard according to claim 1, wherein at least three DNA pools are provided.
- 11. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 1, wherein DNA pools are provided containing each base of the degenerated base at different positions within each DNA molecule.

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- 12. (Currently Amended) <u>Method for production of a C</u>calibration standard according to claim 1, wherein the degenerated base represents two bases, preferably cytosine and thymine.
- 13. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 1, wherein the DNA molecules contain at least 40 degenerated bases, preferably at least 145 degenerated bases.
- 14. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 1, wherein DNA molecules are provided showing an identity of less than 60% at the positions having implemented bases of the degenerated base, preferably less than 23%.
- 15. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 1, wherein DNA molecules are provided showing the lowest possible identity at the positions having implemented bases of the degenerated base.
- 16. (Currently Amended) Method for production of a Ccalibration standard according to claim 1, wherein the DNA molecules are mixed in a ratio based on a numerical series of bⁿ, b being the number of bases of the degenerated base, and n being the set of nonnegative integers from 0 to the difference of the number of provided DNA molecules and 1.
- 17. Canceled.
- 18. Cancled.
- 19. (Currently Amended) Method for determining base proportions of degenerated bases in DNA, a degenerated base representing at least two different bases in at least two DNA molecules at the same position, comprising the steps of:

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	(1)	Producing a calibration standard for determining base proportions of degenerated		
		bases in DNA, wherein a degenerated base represents at least two different bases		
		in at least two DNA molecules at the same position, comprising the steps of:		
-		(a) providing at least two DNA molecules or DNA pools being not		
		identical and containing at least two bases of the degenerated base		
		at different positions within at least one DNA molecule; and		
_		(b) mixing the DNA molecules or DNA pools in unequal ratios,		
		thereby obtaining the calibration standard.		
	<u>(2)</u> —	-providing trails each containing the DNA, a DNA polymerase, a sequencing		
		primer with a label corresponding to any base moiety, 2'-monodeoxy-NTPs, and a		
		2',3'-dideoxyanalog, whereby the 2'-monodeoxy-NTPs are contained in excess		
		compared to the 2',3'-dideoxyanalog;		
_	<u>(3)</u> —	—DNA-dependent extension of the sequencing primer by a DNA polymerase,		
		whereby fragments of different length with the dideoxyanalogs at the 3' terminus		
		are obtained;		
_	<u>(4)</u> —	unifying the trails;		
-	<u>(5)</u> —	—separating the fragments; and		
	<u>(6)</u> —	—detecting the labels, thereby determining the base proportions of degenerated		
		bases, .		

wherein the calibration standard of claims 1 to 16 is used.

20. (Currently Amended) Method for calibration of measurement systems which determine base proportions of degenerated bases in DNA, wherein a degenerated base represents at least two different bases in at least two DNA molecules at the same position, eharacterized by the use of a

ealibration standard according to claims 1-16 comprising the steps of

	(1) Producing a calibration standard for determining base proportions of degenerat			
	·	bases in DNA	A, wherein a degenerated base represents at least two different bases	
		in at least two	DNA molecules at the same position, comprising the steps of:	
_		(a)	providing at least two DNA molecules or DNA pools being not	
			identical and containing at least two bases of the degenerated base	
			at different positions within at least one DNA molecule; and	
		(b)	mixing the DNA molecules or DNA pools in unequal ratios,	
			thereby obtaining the calibration standard.	
_	<u>(2)</u> –	—performing sa	aid measurement system with one or several of said calibration	
		standards at l	east once,	
-	(3) ——determining a calibration curve or function			
	<u>(4)</u> —	aid measurement system with the sample to be analyzed		
	(5) — comparing the result with those of step 1 and step 2 and			
	(6)		measurement system performed.	

21. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 20 for calibration of measurement systems which determine the proportions of cytosine and thymine at positions which show a degenerated base following conversion of unmethylated cytosines, eharacterized by the use of a calibration standard according to claims 7-16 wherein the inhomogeneous DNA is provided by chemically treating DNA containing unmethylated cytosine bases in such a way that the unmethylated cytosine bases are converted to uracil, whereby said conversion is incompletely performed and statistically evenly distributed, and optionally, the obtained modified DNA is amplified.

- 22. Canceled.
- 23. (New) Method for production of a calibration standard according to claim 1, wherein the degenerated base represents two bases which are cytosine and thymine.
- 24. (New) Method for production of a calibration standard according to claim 1, wherein the DNA molecules contain at least 145 degenerated bases.

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25. (New) Method for production of a calibration standard according to claim 1, wherein DNA molecules are provided showing an identity of less than 23% at the positions having implemented bases of the degenerated base.